SPIVAK, R.I.; DOKHOVKER, S.Ye.; SHUL'S, S.S.; GZESHJOJIMA, F.Z.; USHKAN, Ye.M.

Treatment of ascariasis with piperazine adipinate and piperazine hoxahydrate in children with rheumatic fever. Pediatriia 36 no.11: 71-72 N '58.

1. Iz Respublikanskogo detskogo revnaticheskogo sanatoriya "Avoty" na Rizhskom vzmor'ye ("Invnyy vrach M.K. Kuchkova, sauchnyy rukovoditel'-prof. A.N. Ivanov).

(ASCARIES AND ASCARIASIS) (PIPERAZINI)

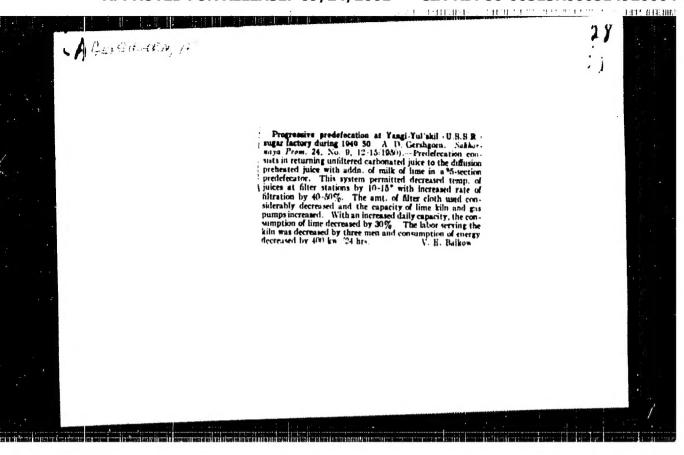
(RESDMATIC FEVER)

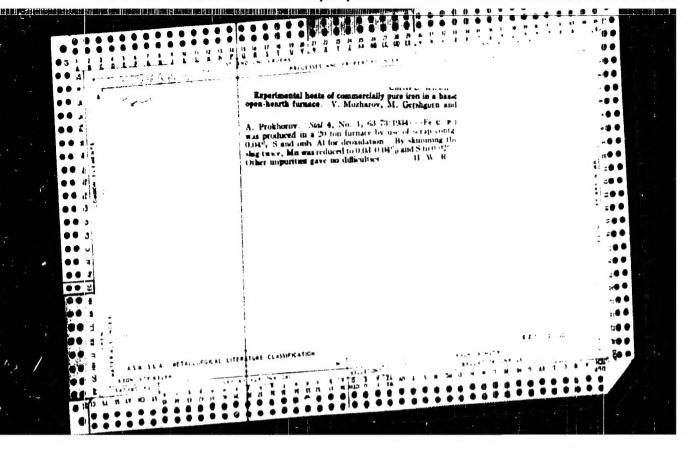
GERSHGORINA, S. A.

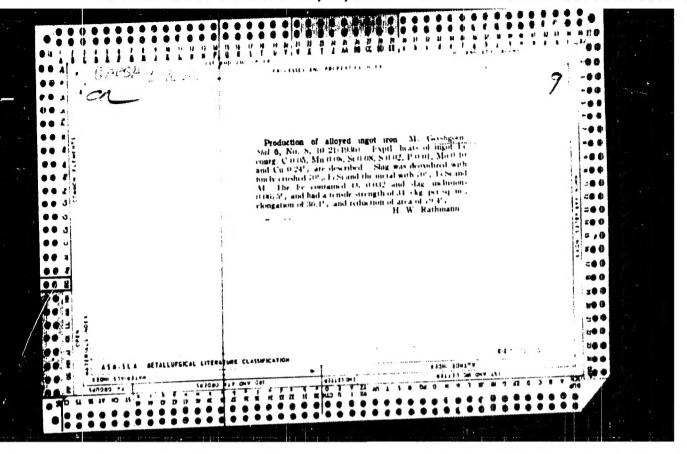
Kogan, I. S. and Sersingorina, S. A. "Fishelography in topic diagnosis of injuries to the intestrial tract," Vracheb. delo, 1707, no. 3, paragraphs 221-26.

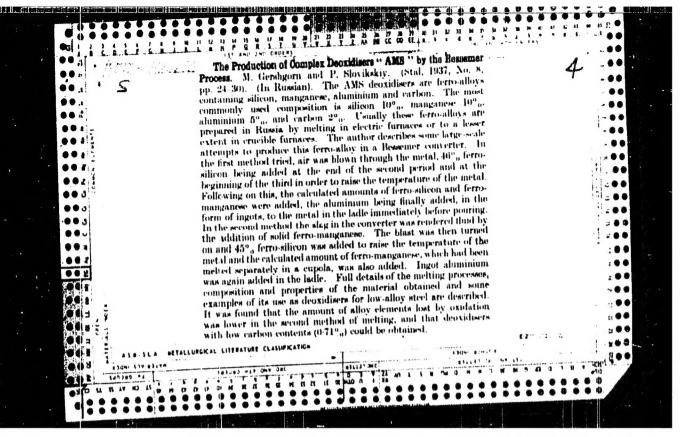
So: U-3736, 21 May 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, no. 15, 1942).

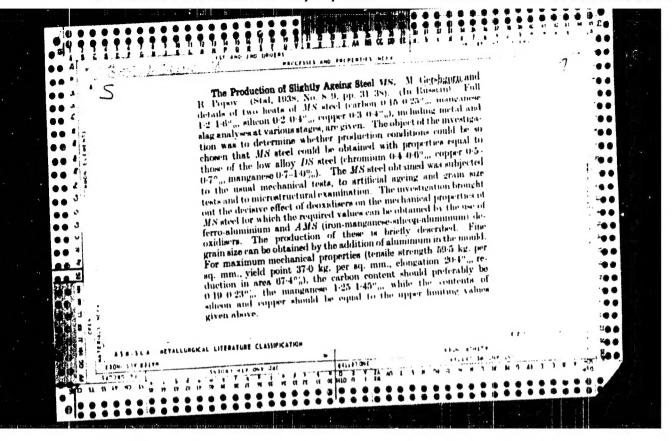
densiration and is standard and one and partitle e. Tractal ptate Indicate Indicate











SOV/137-58-9-18665

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 9, p 73 (USSR)

Gershgorn, M.A., Kuznetsov, M.P., Dyubin, N.P. AUTHORS:

Top Pouring of Bessemer Rail Steel (Razlivka sverkhu bes-TITLE:

semerovskoy rel'sovoy stali)

Byul, nauchno-tekhn, inform, Ukr, n.-i, in-t metallov, PERIODICAL:

1957, Nr 2, pp 31-44

To improve the quality of the metal, and particularly to eliminate so-called "white spots", and also to increase output ABSTRACT:

in the Bessemer department of the im. Dzerzhinskiy Plant, a top-pouring method, in which basket pouring is done via intermediate ladles the volume of which is 10-15% larger than the volume of the ingot hot top, has been developed and introduced. A combined mobile arrangement for simultaneous filling of three molds has been developed. A 21.5-t heat was poured into 5 ingots in 13-14 min, as against 8-10 min with bottom pouring. Top pouring made it possible to effect the following savings per t steel: 28 kg pig iron, 2 kg Fe ore, and 2.3 kg of mold metal.

The yield of first-class rails was increased from 83.2 to 88.2%,

the number of internal fissures was reduced from 2.98 to 1.56%, Card 1/2

SOV/137-58-9-18665

Top Pouring of Bessemer Rail Steel

of corner cracks from 4.65 to 0.30%, although there was an increase in less serious defects (scab) from 1.33 to 5.5%. "Skin twist" and "white spots" were eliminated, while there was an overall improvement in macrostructure and rejects were reduced from 1.24 to 0.17%. Toughness on impact testing was improved, and rejects from impact tests were reduced from 0.19 to 0.10%. The consumption factor was reduced from 1.371 to 1.350. There were no changes in the results of tensile, ak, aging, or flange bending tests, and in macrostructure or segregation of impurities in the ingots. Anvestigation of 700 melts established the following: 1. An increased Si content in the pig iron results in increased rejects due to scab, spotty segregation, and in a reduced output of first-class rails. The optimum Si content of the pig iron is 0.8-1.1%. 2. > 0.07% residual Si contents in the blown metal reduces the output of first-class rails, this being related to an increase in [H] and flake formation. 3. Deoxidation of the steel with AMS alloy results in a negligible decline in σ_b and σ_s and in good results in the bending of rail flanges. This phenomenon is related to the production of spherical inclusions. 4. The optimum pouring temperature at which maximum yield of first-grade rails is recorded is 1470 ±10°C. 5. Soaking of ingots in pits at <850° noticeably reduces the output of first-class rails. V.N.

Card 2/2

d)

GERSHGORN, M.A.; KAZARNOVSKIY, D.S.; FILONOV, I.G.; KUTSENKO, A.D.; ULIYANOV, D.P.

Production of low-alloy bessemer rail steel. Stal' no.5:4,04-408
(HIRA 14:5)

Ny '61.

1. Ukrainskiy institut metallov i zavod im. Dzerzhinskogo.
(Bessemer process) (Steel alloys)

KAZARNOVSKIY, D.S.; DYUBIN, N.P.; GERSHGORN, M.A.; KRAVTSOVA, I.P.;
KLIMCV, K.N.; RUDOLISKIY, N.L.; FRADIH, M.D.; SVIRIDENKO, F.P.;
KLIMCV, K.N.; CANNES, A.N.; CHERNOVA, A.V.

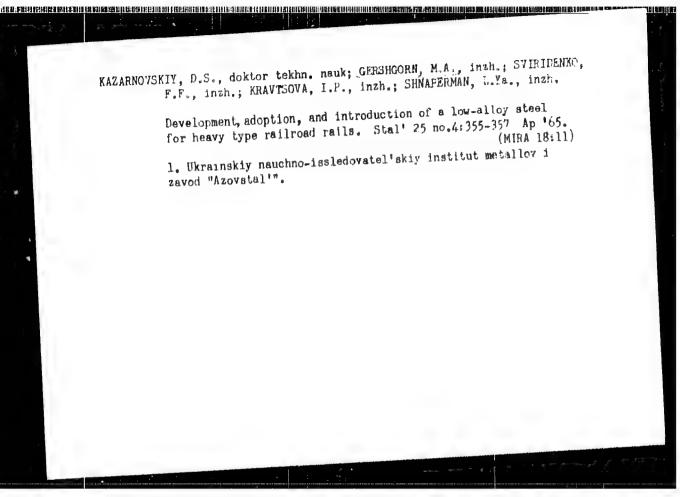
Experimental railroad rails made of chromium-nickel native
alloy steel. Stal' 22 no.6:548-550 Je '62. (MIRA 16:7)

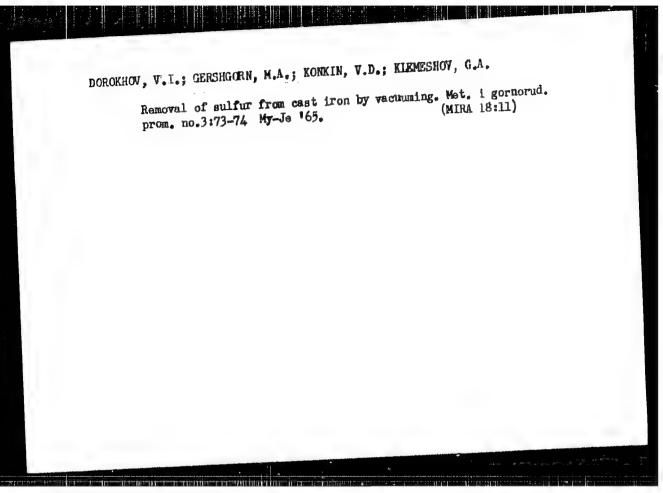
1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metallov 1
zavod "Azovstal'".

(Chromium-nickel steel)
(Railroads--Rails)

GERSHGORN, M.A.; KRAVTSOVA. I.P.: KAZARKOVSKIY, D.S., Meni. tekkn. nauk; RYABININ, B.G.

Manganese Bessemer steel for rells. Met. 1 gornorud. prom. no.5: (MIRA 18:7) 23-26 S-0 '64.





GERSHGORN, M.A.; SVIPHIFUKO, F.F.; MADARMOVSHIY, D.S.; MADDICUL, I...;
POPGVA, A.N.; FRABINA, M.G.; Frinitali uchastiye: TEXEFI, N.G.;
ETIGLICKIY, N.L.; SIFPK MEV, N.L.; FIIGKUM VOITY, D.T.; MARCY,
Ya.S.; BUL'SYIY, M.T. [decoased]; AFKHANGUL'SKIY, YU.H.; SHAROV,
B.A.; VISTOROVSKIY, N.T.; FAKHANSKIY, B.I.; SAFOTHKOV, V.Ye.;
RYABININ, N.G.; KARAKULINA, P.F.; FADRYEVA, A.M.; CYTEFV, F.A.

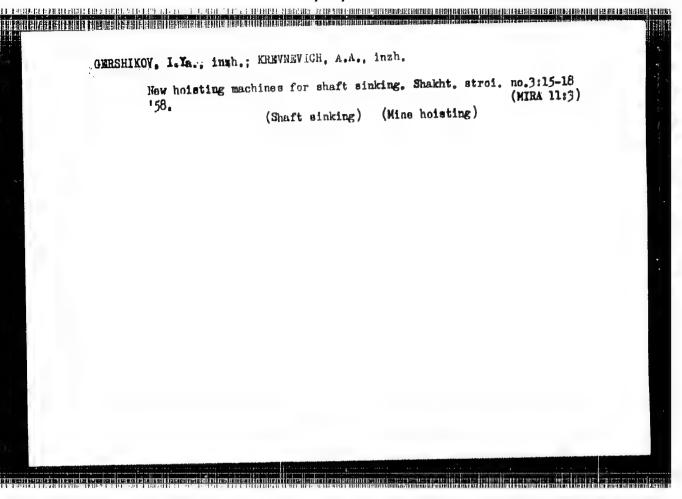
Improving the production of high-strength rails by alloying them with granulated ferrochromium in the laste. Stalt 26 no.5:408-411 My 465. (MHA 18:6)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institu: metallov i maved "Azovstal!".

OERSHIKOV, Iosif Yakovlevich; GLINSKIY, Anatoliy Konstantinovich; DIMASHKO,
Aleksandr Dominikovich; KREVNEVICH, Anton Aleksandrovich; NATIENKO,
I.S., otv.red.; D'YAKOVA, G.B., red.izd-va; ALADOVA, Te.I., tekhn.red.

[Electric winches and hoists for mines; a manual] Shakhtnye elektricheskie lebedki i pod "emnye machiny; spravochnik. Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1958. 484 p.

(Mine hoisting)



PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/5473

Gornoye delo; entsiklopedicheskiy spravochnik. t. 8: Statsionarnoye elektromekhanicheskoye oborudovaniye. Elektrosnabzheniye shakht (Mining Industry; an Encyclopedic Handbook. v. 8: Stationary Electromechanical Equipment. Electric Power Supply to Mines) Moscow, Gosgortekhizdat, 1960. 784 p. Errata slip inserted. 18,500 copies printed.

Chief Ed.: A. M. Terpigorev (Deceased); Members of the Editorial Board:
A. I. Baranov, F. A. Barabanov (Deceased), A. A. Boyko, V. K. Buchnev,
A. N. Zaytsev; Deputy Chief Edstil. K. Kit and N. V. Mel'nikov; I. N.
Plaksin, N. M. Pokrovskiy, A. A. Skochinskiy (Deceased), A. O. Spivakovskiy, I. K. Stanchenko, A. P. Sudoplatov, A. V. Topchiyev, S. V.
Troyanskiy, A. K. Kharchenko, L. D. Shevyakov and M. A. Shchedrin;
Editorial Board for this volume: Resp. Ed.: F. A. Barabanov; Deputy
Resp. Ed.: Z. M. Melamed; N. A. Arzamasov, G. M. Yelanchik, V. K.
Yefremov, B. I. Zasadych, I. M. Zhumakhov, N. A. Letov, P. P. Nesterov,
I. A. Rabinovich, K. I. Skorkin, and V. A. Sumchenko; Authors: G. A.

Card 1/16

Mining Industry (Cont.)

SOV/5473

Babak, Candidate of Technical Sciences, V. D. Belyy, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences, K.S. Borisenko, Candidate of Technical Sciences, A.G. Borumenskiy, Candidate of Technical Sciences, I.V. Brusilovskiy, Candidate of Technical Sciences, A.R. Bushel', Candidate of Technical Sciences, V.P. Bukhgol'ts, Engineer, M.N. Vasilevskiy, Candidate of Technical Sciences, A. N. Vas'kovskiy, Engineer, B. N. Vlasenko, Engineer, I. Ya. Gershikov, Engineer, V.G. Geyer, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences, A.D. Dimashko, Engineer, V.S. Dulin, Candidate of Technical Sciences, I.L. Lokshin, Engineer, B.M. Melamed, Engineer, Yu. A. Mikheyev, Engineer, V. P. Morozov, Engineer, M. L. Mushkatin, Engineer, V.S. Pak, Academician, I.M. Perskaya, Engineer, N. M. Rusanov, Candidate of Technical Sciences, G. P. Savel'yev, Candidate of Technical Sciences, Ya. M. Smorodinskiy, Candidate of Technical Sciences, K. A. Ushakov, Honored Scientist and Technologist, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences, B. M. Furmanov, Engineer, and N. N. Chernavkin, Engineer, Eds.: Ya. M. Drozdov, Engineer, B. I. Zasadych,

Card 2/16

Mining Industry (Cont.)

SOV/5473

Candidate of Technical Sciences, N. S. Karpyshev, Candidate of Technical Sciences, N. A. Letov, Candidate of Technical Sciences, Z. M. Melamed, Candidate of Technical Sciences, Yu. A. Mikheyev, Engineer, V. P. Morozov, Engineer, V. I. Polikovskiy, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences, I. A. Rabinovich, Engineer, M. S. Rabinovich, Candidate of Technical Sciences, I. A. Raskin, Engineer, V. S. Tulin, Engineer, S. Ye. Unigovskiy, Engineer, K. A. Ushakov, Honored Scientist and Technologist, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences, M. M. Shemakhanov, Candidate of Technical Sciences, P. F. Shishkov, Candidate of Technical Sciences, and V. B. Yablonovskiy, Engineer; Eds. of Publishing House: N. A. Arzamasov and T. I. Rybal'nik; Tech. Ed.: V. L. Prozorovskaya and M. A. Kondrat'yeve.

PURPOSE: This handbook is intended for mining and mechanical engineers as well as for other skilled personnel of the mining industry concerned with the handling and operation of various installations and equipment used in mines.

Card 3/16

Mining Industry (Cont.)

SOV/5473

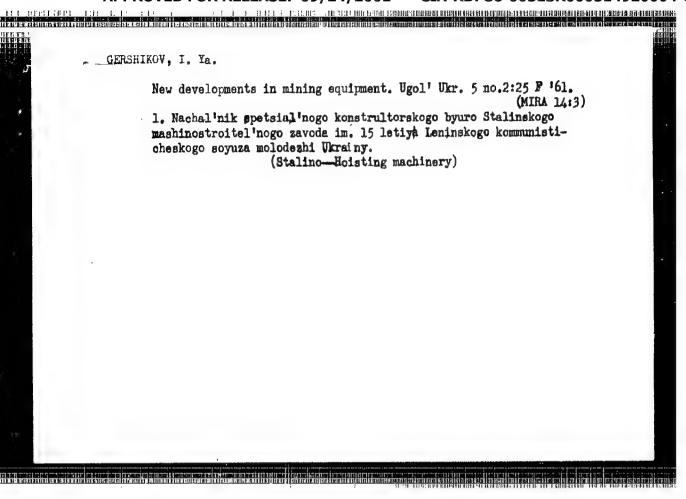
COVERAGE: Volume VIII of the mining handbook contains detailed information on mine hoisting installations, machines and equipment, mine ventilation units, duct systems, dewatering facilities, various types of pumps, pump meters, pumping stations, and the automatic remote control of these units. The handbook also describes and explains the operation of the air compression units and compressors. Heat-generating and heat-supply equipment of mines is described, as are the electric power supply systems and other electrical equipment such as transformers, power distribution systems, and grounding devices. Telephone communication and signaling systems used in mines are also treated. No personalities are mentioned. Each part of the handbook is accompanied by references, mostly Soviet.

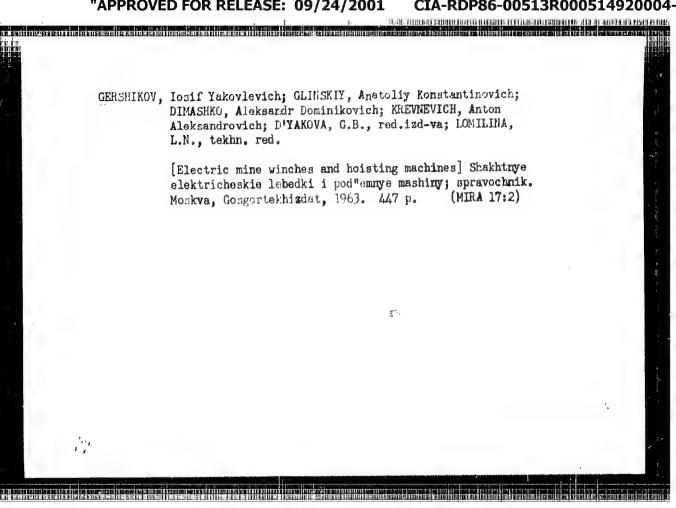
TABLE OF CONTENTS [Abridged]:

PART I. MINE HOISTING UNITS

Card 4/16

Minin	g Industry (Cont.)	OV/5473
TATTITI		-hudaal
Ch. I	 General Information (Rusanov, N. M., Candidate of Te- Sciences) 	ennicai 11
Ch. I	I. Hoisting Conveyances (Vlasenko, B. N., Engineer)	14
Ch. I	II. Hoisting Ropes (Belyy, V.D., Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences)	46
Ch. I	V. Winders and Speed Reducers of Hoisting Machines (Gershikov, I. Ya., and A. D. Dimashko, Engineers)	68
Ch.	V. Position of Hoisting Machines Relative to the Mine Sheft (Vasilevskiy, M. N., Candidats of Technical Sciences)	95
Ch.	VI. Fundamentals of the Mine Hoisting Installation Theor (Rusanov, N. M.)	y 9:
Caro	15/16	





er ing kin-egen krimmen penjindinah injedan miner

S/020/60/132/05/42/069 B004/B011

5.3200

5-1190 AUTHORS:

Belousov, V. M., Gorokhovatskiy, Ya. B., Rubanik, M. Ya.,

Gershingorina, A. V.

TITLE.

Catalytic Oxidation of Propylere and Acrolein on Copper

Contact

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1960, Vol. 132, No. 5,

pp. 1125-1128

TEXT: This is the reproduction of a lecture delivered at the Vsesoyuznaya konferentsiya po organicheskomu katalizu (All-Union Conference on Organic Catalysis) on November 19, 1959. The authors investigated the dependence of the concentration of substances forming in the oxidation of propylene and acrolein on temperature and contact duration. The catalyst was copper oxide applied to carborundum; the reaction took place at 300-400°C and contact times of 0.4-4.0 sec, For comparison purposes, experiments were also conducted without a catalyst. The resulting CO2 was either absorbed in titrated $Ba(OH)_2$, or, like C_3H_6 , O_2 , and CO, determined by means of

Card 1/3

Catalytic Oxidation of Propylene and Acrolein S/020/60/132/05/42/069 and Copper Contact B004/B011

the BIM-2 (VTI-2) gas analyzer. Acrolein was determined by means of the bromide-bromate method. Experimental data are given in Table 1. Fig. 1 shows for C₃H₆ the dependence of the amount of the resulting CO₂ and C₃H₄O on temperature and contact duration t, and Fig. 2 the dependence of the selectivity of oxidation on the same conditions. At 320°C, the amount of CO₂ and C₃H₄O increases steadily with t, with the selectivity remaining constant. At 380°C, the concentration of C₃H₄O at t = 1.2 sec reaches a maximum, while the CO₂ concentration grows steadily with \(\tau_1\) and selectivity drops. The following reactions are derived therefrom:

a) for 320°C. C₃H₆ + O₂ C₃H₄O (parallel process), b) for 380°C,

C₃H₆ + O₂ C₃H₄O +O₂ C₃H₄O (parallel and consecutive process).

AND STATES OF A STATE OF A

Catalytic Oxidation of Propylene and Acrolein on Copper Contact

\$/020/60/132/05/42/069 B004/B011

The oxidation of acrolein was investigated on catalysts with various copper contents (9 g/l and 2.5 g/l) (Figs. 3, 4). Here as well, the parallel process was observed at low temperature, the parallel-consecutive process at higher ones. A study of the effect of differently treated catalysts (with H_2 , O_2 at various temperatures and various heating durations) revealed (Table 2) that the reduced catalyst oxidizes the acrolein more slowly than the oxidized catalyst. The selectivity of the catalysts increasing with time in the oxidation of propylene is thus explained by the partial reduction of the catalyst occurring during the reaction, which favors the formation and the stability of acrolein. There are 4 figures, 2 tables, and 8 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L. V. Pisarzhevskogo Akademii nauk USSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry imeni L. V. Pisarzhevskiy of the Academy of Sciences, UkrSSR)

PRESENTED: February 15, 1960, by A. A. Balandin, Academician

SUBMITTED: February 11, 1960

Card 3/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001 CIA

CIA-RDP86-00513R000514920004-6

S/020/61/137/006/015/020 B101/E20:

AUTHORS:

Belousov, V. M., Gorokhovatskiy, Ya. B., Rubanik, M. Ya., and

Gershingorina, A. V.

TITLE:

Study of the kinetics of the catalytic oxidation of propylene

to acrolein by means of the stroulating flow

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR. v. 137, no. 6, 1961, 1396-1398

TEXT: The authors wanted to complete the data on the kinetics of the oxidation of propylene to acrolein by means of a cuprous catalyst. The circulating-flow method was employed for the purpose. The data presented in Table 1 show that raising the rated flow to over four times remains without an effect upon the rate \mathbb{W}_1 of acrolein formation, upon \mathbb{W}_2 of the \mathbb{CO}_2 formation,

upon the transformation degree x_{0_2} of oxygen, and the selectivity x_{0_3}

Hence, the experimental data were not distorted by diffusion effects. The kinetics of the process was studied by means of a catalyst containing 2.4 g Cu per liter [Abstracter's Note: no information is supplied regarding

Card 1/8

S/020/61/137/006/015/020 B101/B201

Study of the kinetics ...

composition and preparation of the catalyst. The carborundum carrier, grain size 2-3 mm, was large-porous (mean diameter 6-10-2 cm). Some of the experimental data are presented in Table 2. The formation of acrolein and CO_2 was found to be proportional to the C_2 concentration, and to be little dependent upon the propylene concentration. With constant concentration of the initial substances in the cycle, the formation rate of $\mathrm{C}_3\mathrm{H}_4\mathrm{O}$ and CO_2 drops with rising concentration of these exidation products, this fact being indicative of their inhibiting action. With constant propylene concentration the rate W_1 of acrolein formation obeys the equation $\mathrm{W}_1 = \mathrm{k}_1 \begin{bmatrix} 0_2 \end{bmatrix} / (1 + \mathrm{b} \Delta \begin{bmatrix} 0_2 \end{bmatrix})$; the formation rate W_2 of CO_2 obeys the equation $\mathrm{W}_2 = \mathrm{k}_2 \begin{bmatrix} 0_2 \end{bmatrix} / \begin{bmatrix} 0_3 \mathrm{H}_4 \mathrm{O} \end{bmatrix}^{0.7} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0_2 \end{bmatrix}$ is the expect concentration in the cycle, $\Delta \begin{bmatrix} 0_2 \end{bmatrix}$ is the decrease of expect concentration, k_1 , k_2 , and be are constants. The term $\mathrm{b}\Delta \begin{bmatrix} 0_2 \end{bmatrix}$ takes account of the inhibiting action. The invariable values of k_1 and k_2 on a change of the velocity of flow by the sevenfold, of $\begin{bmatrix} 0_2 \end{bmatrix}$ by the fivefold, confirm the validity of these equations. Selectivity in-Card 2/8

S/020/61/137/006/015/020 B101/B201

Study of the kinetics ...

creases somewhat with rising propylene concentration (Fig. 1). The activation energy E_1 for the acrolein formation, E_2 for the CO_2 formation were in the temperature range between 335-380°C: $E_1 = E_2 = 36 \pm 2.5 \text{ kcal/mole}$; b = 4.25 exp(-10000/RT) Abstracter's Note. printing error in the original text. To clarify which of the oxidation products have an inhibiting action, individual products were removed from the cycle. As may be seen from Table 3, the reaction rate rose to the 2.5 to 3-fold on removal of CaH,O and $_{
m H_2O}$. If all reaction products were removed, the transformation degree of $_{
m O_2}$ remained the same as in the case where only C_3H_4O and H_2O were removed. is thus without effect upon the reaction rate. Data obtained confirm the results by 0. V. Isayev and L. Ya. Margolis (Kinetika i kataliz, $\underline{1}$, no. 2, 237 (1960)), according to which the oxidation rate of propylene is linearly dependent upon the oxygen concentration. They contradict, however, other conclusions reached by those researchers, according to which the oxidation products have no inhibiting action, and the propylene concentration is without any effect. The authors conclude from their data that a parallel Card 3/8

Study of the kinetics ...

S/020/61/137/006/015/020 B101/B201

formation of $C_3^H{}_4^0$ and C_2^0 takes place predominantly at lower temperatures, and a parallel-consecutive formation of C_2^0 at higher temperatures. Ye. N. Popova, D. Ya. Nechiporuk, and M. V. Rybakova are thanked for their assistance. There are 1 figure, 3 tables, and 8 Soviet-bloc references.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L. V. Pisarzhevskogo Akademii

nauk USSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry im. L. V.

Pisarzhevskiy, Academy of Sciences, UkrSSR)

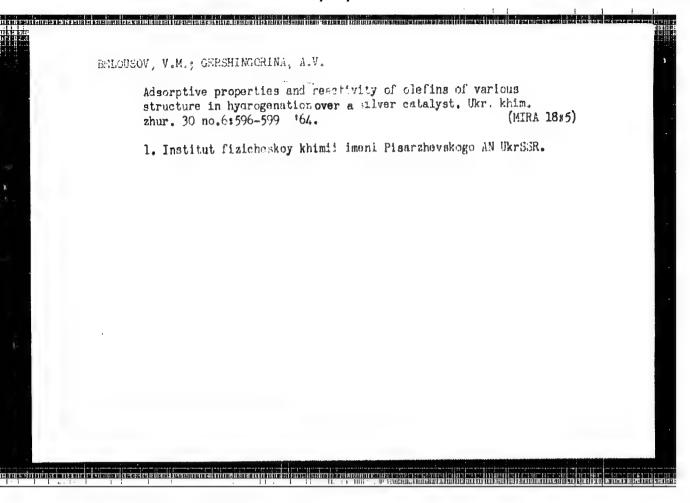
PRESENTED:

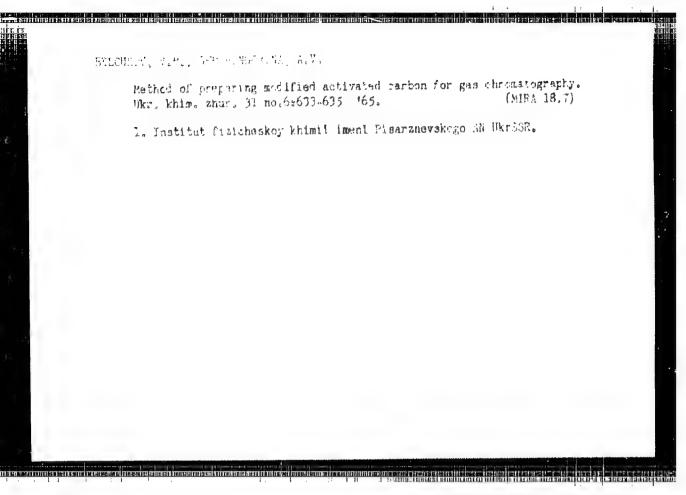
December 10, 1960, by A. A. Balandin, Academician

SUBMITTED:

December 9, 1960

Card 4/8





BELOUSOV, V.M.; RUBANCHIK, M.Ya.; GEBSHINGORINA, A.V.

Pulse method of studying the kinetics of reactions under conditions of the unsteady state of a catalyst. Ukr.khim. zhur. 31 no.51444-449 '65. (MIRA 18:12)

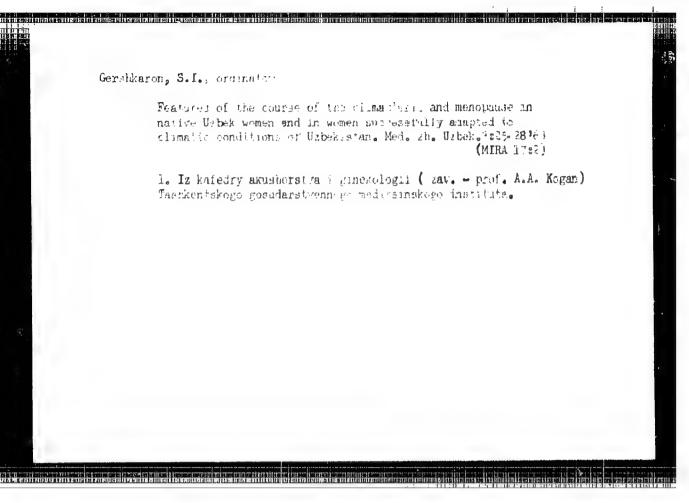
1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR izeni Picurzhevskogo. Submitted Febr. 10, 1964.

ZAKHAROVA, V.A., kand.med.nauk; GERSHKARON, S.I., ordinator

Problem of disorders of development of female genitalia. Akush.i gin. 35 no.5:80-81 S-0 '59. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Iz l-y akushersko-ginekologicheskoy kliniki Tashkentskogo gosu-darstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta (zaveduyushchiy - zasluzhennyy deyatel nauki UzSSR prof. A.A. Kogan).

(GENITALIA, FEMALE, abnorm.)



CIA-RDP86-00513R000514920004-6 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

\$/123/59/000/09/02/036 A002/A001

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye, 1959, No. 9, p. 12. # 32858

AUTHOR:

TITLE:

Plastics Instead of Cast Iron and Bronze

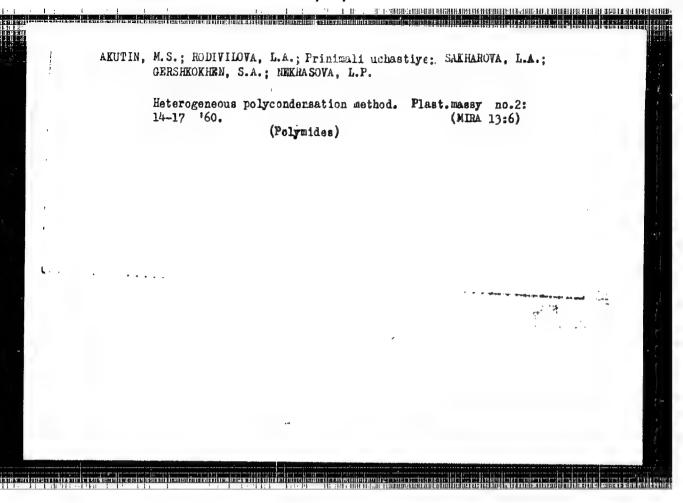
PERIODICAL: Byul. tekhn.-ekon. inform. Sovnarkhoz Orlovsk. ekon. adm. r-na,

1958, No. 3, pp. 24-27

At the "Tekhmash" Plant, plastics and caprone are used for TEXT: producing parts formerly made of cast iron, steel and bronze. This results in a considerable saving of metal and in a sharp decrease in the costs of parts, while the weight of products is reduced and their external appearance is improved. Parts made of plastics have a greater hardness than those made of cast iron (!); they are corrosion-resistant, acid-proof and dielectric. Parts made of caprone are easily processed and work well under conditions of abrasion and breaking stresses.

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian abstract.

Card 1/1



CC NR. AP6009933	(A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/CO4/0162/0162	
INVENTOR: Rodivilova,	L. A.; Akutin, H. S.; Gershkokhen, S. L.	
ORG: None TITLE: Preparation of	macromolecular aliphatic polyamides. Class 39, No. 144987	
SOURCE: Imobreteniya	promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 4, 1966, 162	
TOPIC TAGS: macromole	cular polyamide, polyamide, aliphatic polyamide	
macromolecular-aliphat diacid chlorides of ca	pertificate has been issued describing a method of preparing to polyamides by polyaondensation at the interphase with arboxylic acids and dismines. Synthesis is conducted in reased concentration of reagents.	
SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DA	TE: 23May6l	
		-
ard 1/1 RIG	·	

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology - (NOrmal and Pathological). T-8
The Liver.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 11, 1958, 50923

Author : Gershkova, S.M.

Inst : Academy of Sciences USSR.

Title : Reflexes of Various Segments of the Intestine Affecting

the Exacrinous Function of the Liver.

Orig Pub : V sb.: Probl. fiziol. tsentr. nervn. sistemy, M.-L.,

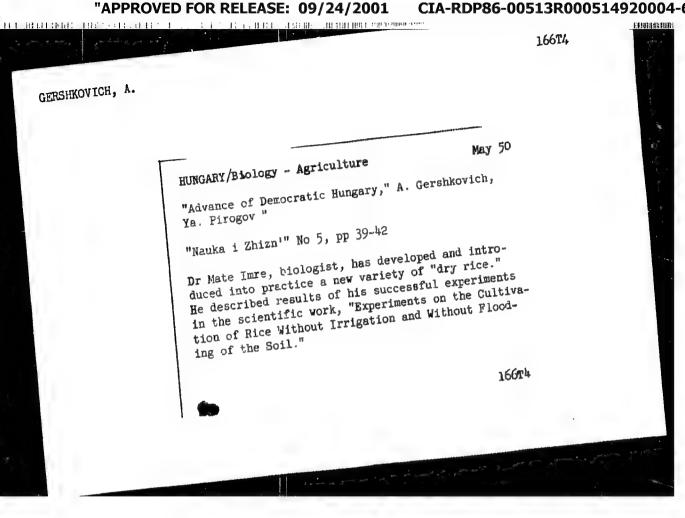
AN SSSR, 1957, 207-215.

Abstract : A complex reflex phase was produced by inhibiting bile

secretion, which was induced by a food stimulant, with the aid of mechanical (blowing up by a balloon) and chemical (irrigation with a HCl solution) irritations of the small and large intestines, of the caseum, or of the rec-

tum in dogs with fistulae of the gall bladder, the

Card 1/2



CIA-RDP86-00513R000514920004-6" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOY/5822

- Alekseyev, Semen Mikhaylovich, Yakov Vladimirovich Balkind, Aleksandr Mironovich Gershkovich, Veniamin Semenovich Yeremin, Aleksandr Solomonovich Povitskiy, and Naum L'vovich Umanskiy
- Sovremennyye sredstva avariynogo pokidaniya samoleta (Modern Facilities for the Emergency Abandonment of an Airplane) Moscow, Oborongiz, 1961. 450 p. Errata slip inserted. 4000 copies printed.
- Reviewer: A. G. Brunov, Engineer; Ed.: A. I. Sokolov, Engineer; Ed. of Publishing House: A. G. Belevtseva; Tech. Ed.: P. V. Shcherbakov; Managing Ed.: S. D. Krasil'nikov.
- PURPOSE: This book is intended for engineering and technical personnel in the aircraft industry, scientific workers, and flying and technical personnel of the Soviet Air Force.
- COVERAGE: Based on non-Soviet sources, the book reviews briefly the development of flyers' escape equipment, describes the construction of ejection seats, and gives design and calculation

Card 1/12

Modern Facilities (Cont.)

80Y/5822

data for ejection seats and ejection-seat parachutes. Information is included on the calculation of the trajectory of the ejected seat, its stabilization, and the aerodynamic loads involved. Attention is given to methods of escaping from aircraft flying at high speeds and at high and low attitudes. Information on problems connected with oxygen equipment, protective clothing, and testing facilities is also included. No personalities are mentioned. The authors thank A. G. Bruncy, F. D. Tkachev, and N. I. Aleksandrova, Engineers, for valuable suggestions; and N. A. Lobanov, Candidate of Technical Sciences, for writing Subheading 9 of Ch. III. There are 34 references: 31 Soviet (5 translations), and 3 English.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Foreword

3

Ch. I. General Information on Modern Escape Facilities for Aircraft Crews in Distress

5

Card 2/12

L 62850-65 EEO-2/EAT(d)/EED-2 P		00/012/0091/0081	
ACCESSION NR: APSO19052	531.719.33 :	62-627 22	
AUTHOR: Shmerling, I. Ye.; Flahkop, Gershkovich, A. Ye.		$\boldsymbol{\nu}$	
TITLE: An automatic device for survey No. 172060			
SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i to TOPIC TAGS: surveying, radio transm			
ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate jobs, e.g. on a river. The installa and shipboard equipment including a sonar with a tape deck. The device visibility conditions are poor. The transmitter. A high frequency cable transmitter from the main transmitte the line of direction (of a reference	introduces an automatic deviation contains a radio transcaradio station, a phase mensit is designed for doing jobs at radio transceiver on the bank is used to separate the anter by a reference distance.	tive unit and a triple to the unit and a triple tand when the has an additional	
Card 1/3			
 4	•		
,			

1	 1. 62850–65			. ! . fş
	ACCESSION NR: AP5019052 phase sensitive unit of the equipment ASSOCIATION: Tsentral proye proyektno- flota RSFSR (Central Design and Plans	In a service and the service better	ministerstva rechnogo f the River Fleet,RSFSR)	
	SUBHITTED: 31Mar54	ENCL: 01	SUB COM: EC, ES	
	NO REF SOVI 000	OTHER: 000		
	• :		••	-
	Card 2/3			
		made (1983)	apo e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
		1		





8/115/62/000/012/001/002 E194/E435

AUTHOR:

Gershkovich, B.M.

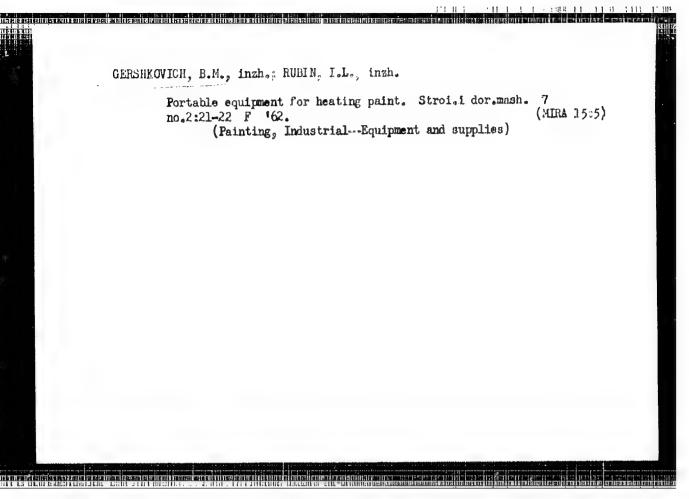
TITLE:

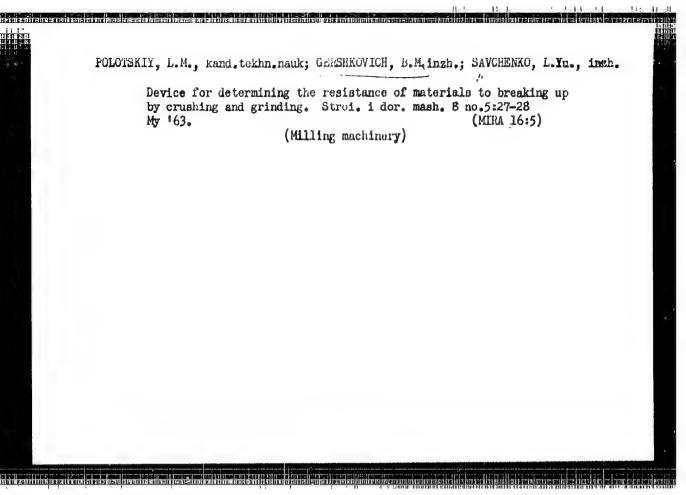
A new materials testing machine with load

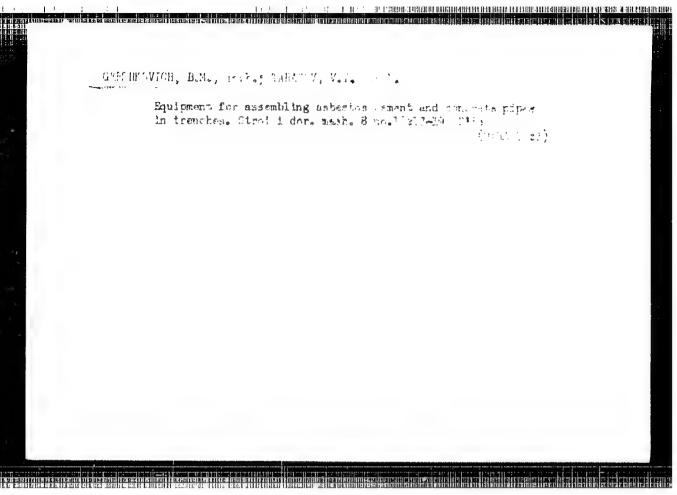
measurement by cams

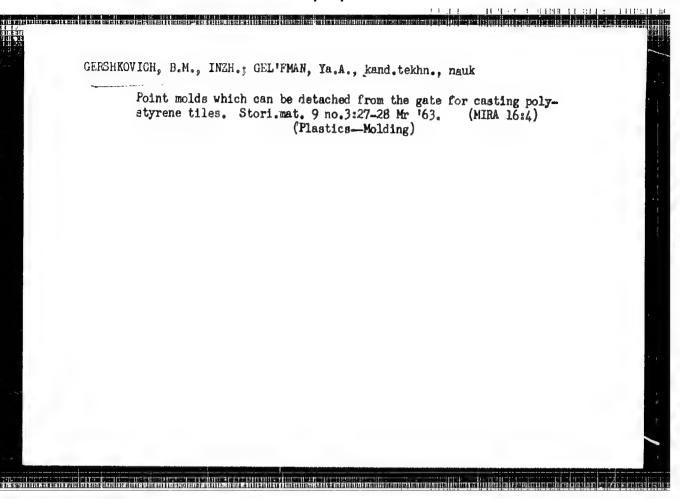
PERIODICAL: Izmeritel'naya tekhnika, no.12, 1962, 16-19

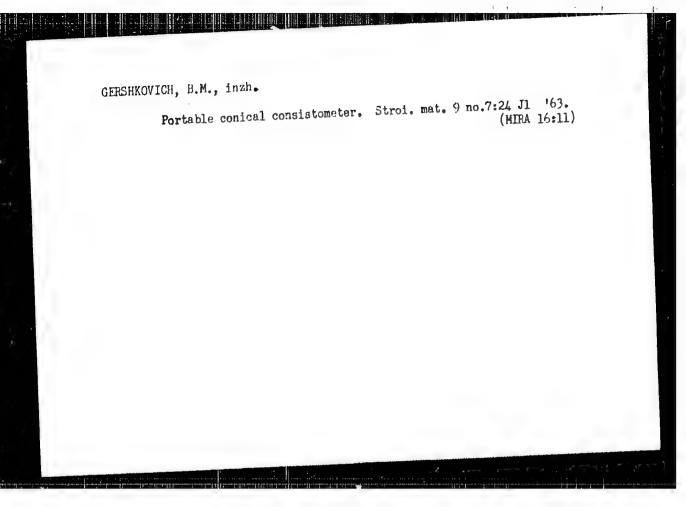
TEXT: The load measuring arrangements, including pendulums and springs, of existing machines for making tensile tests on plastics and other extensible materials are unsatisfactory, so that even modern testing machines have an error of + 3%. A new testing machine type PM120 (RM120) has been built and tested at VNII machine type PM120 (RM120) has been built and tested at VNII novykh stroitel nykh materialov (Scientific Research Institute of New Structural Materials). Its principal function is tensile testing of such materials as polyethylene, rubber or bitumen at testing of such materials as polyethylene, rubber or bitumen at temperatures which can be controlled by immersion in a heated or cooled bath with load increasing at a linear rate. The specimen is mounted between two sliding carriages. The towing carriage is driven at a uniform speed by a nut on a lead screw driven by a geared electric motor of 270 W. The towed carriage, through cords, turns pulleys to which are attached cams which lift the Card 1/2

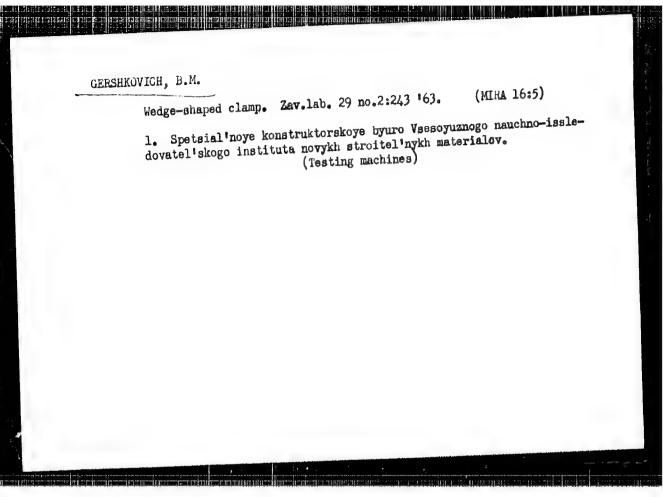


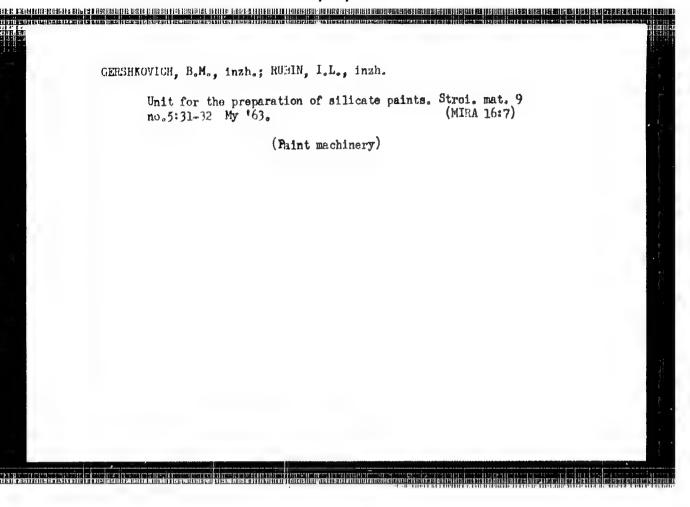


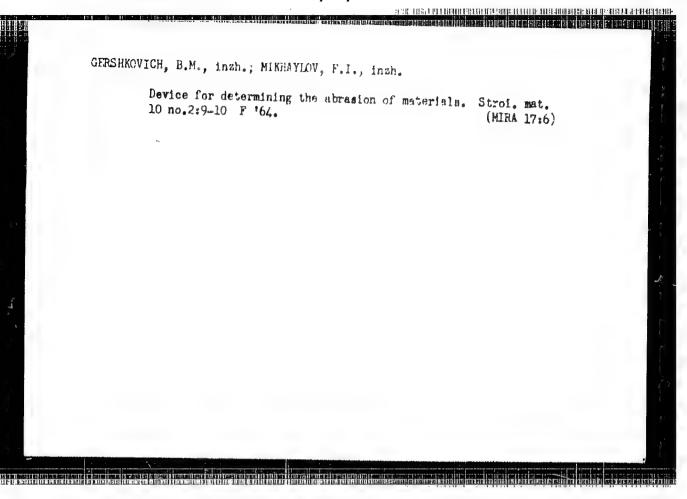


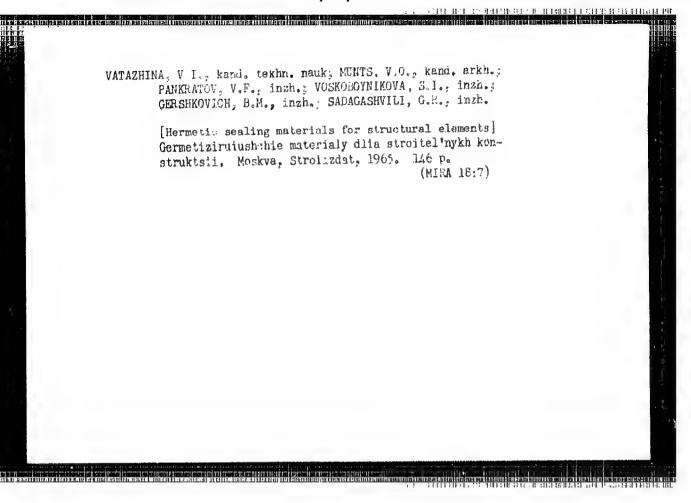


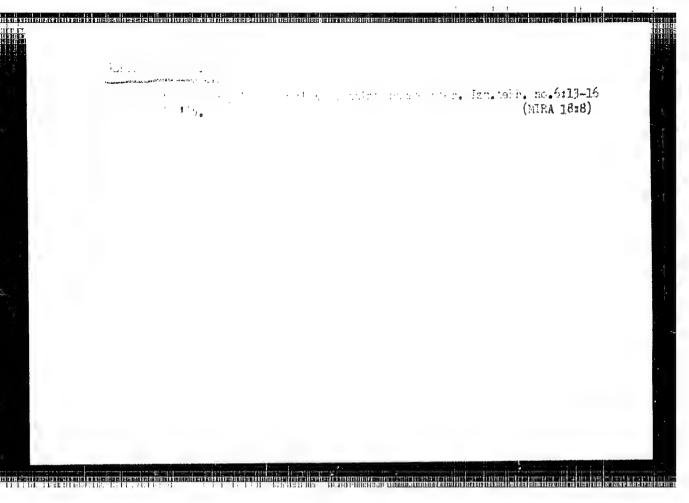


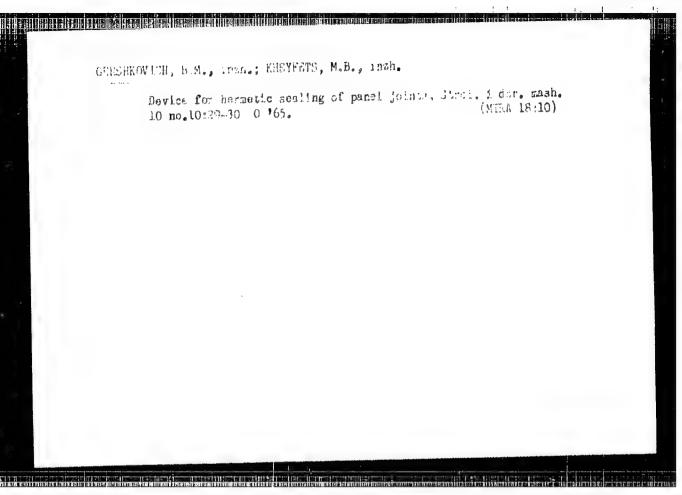




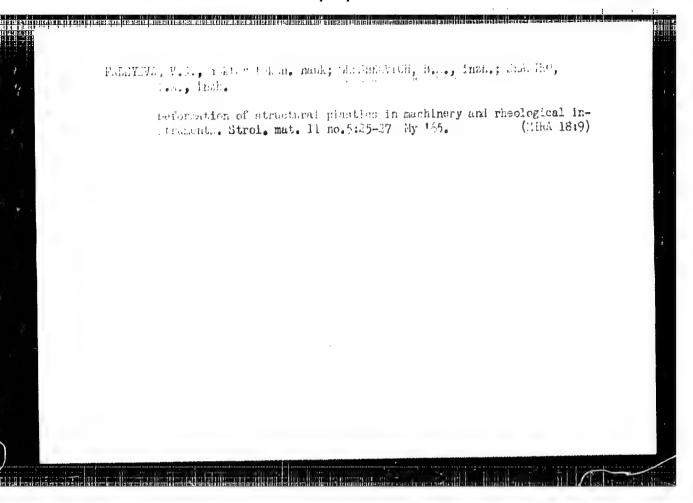


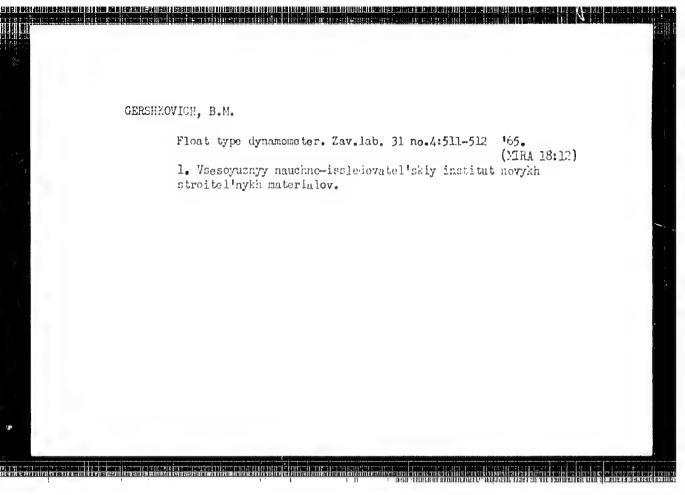












ognesektvich, B.v.; Cher K, K.v.; Hall-Wulshin ff, V.A.

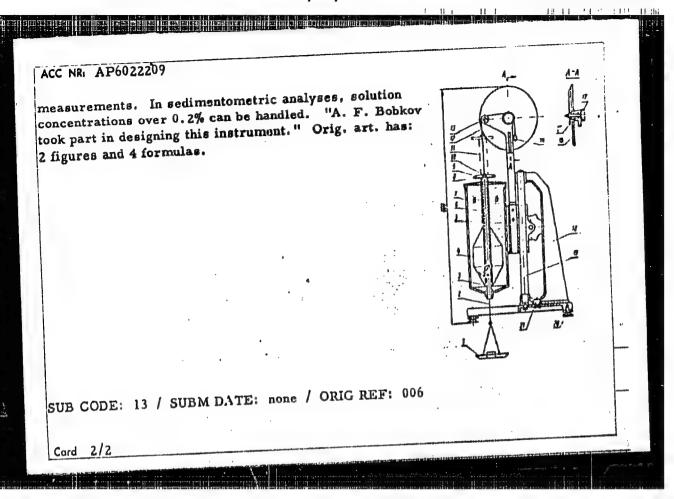
Device for determining the sandmess of plantics by the ratching method. Zav. lab. 31 no.8:1012-1018 165. (Ch. 18:9)

1. Spetial!roye konstruktors by ye byarn Verseyvan for matrice-isal edevated takego instituta novykk streitel!roykh material v.

ACC NR: AP6022209	SOURCE CODE: UR/0115/66/000/005/0081/0082	
UTHOR: Gershkovich, B	. м.	
DRG: none		
ITLE: Float-type balance		
OURCE: Izmeritel'naya t	ekhnika, no. 5, 1966, 81-82	
OPIC TAGS: balance, we	igher, float balance, me chancel introduced of methodogy, mensuing entrument	
Dolkaci. A number of	boviet weigher designs are criticized, and their short-	
lew Building Materials con	float-type balance (or weigher) developed in the VNII of usists of float 4 (see figure) carrying calibrated tube 5 and	
	ng guide 6 placed in vessel 7. The vessel can be shifted bracket 18. The calibrated tube carries stage 8 with	
-	st specimen is suspended by thread 2 from holder 10; a ad is stretched by weight 14. The instrument is intended	-
or continuous weighing of	specimens whose weight varies with time (a swelling ometric work. A mass of 5-150 g is preferable for	
orymer, and for seatments	Miletite work. N impes of 3-130 & 12 breigiante for	-
Card 1/2	UDC: 681.269	

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000514920004-6



UR/0413/66/000/014/0158/0158 SOURCE CODE: AP6029085 ACC NR Gershkovich, B. M.; Savchenko, L. Yu. INVENTOR:

TITLE: An instrument for determining the coefficient of friction of plastics. Class

42, No. 140259

SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 14, 1966, 158

TOPIC TAGS: friction coefficient, plastic

ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces: 1. An instrument for determining the coefficient of friction of plastics with a measurement parallelogram for the friction tangent and normal pressure on the specimen. The instruemnt is designed for accurate readings of the coefficient of friction under industrial conditions of plastic processing at high temperatures and various rotational velocities of the working mechanisms. The measurement parallelogram is made with guides along which it may be moved, and a friction disc is mounted on a single axis with a worm wheel for synchronous motion. 2. A modification of this instrument in which a mandrel with the specimen mounted on it and the friction disc are equipped with a heater interlocked with a thermostat. 3. A modification of this instruemnt in which the measurement scale of the parallelogram has a rheostat for automatically transmitting the friction tangent readings to a secondary instrument.

SUB CODE: 14, 20/ SUBM DATE: 24Feb61

Card 1/1

SHERSHEVSKIY, A.M.; GERSHKOVICH, B.Ya.; BUTENKO, L.I., red.; STEBLYANKO,
T.B., tekhm. red.

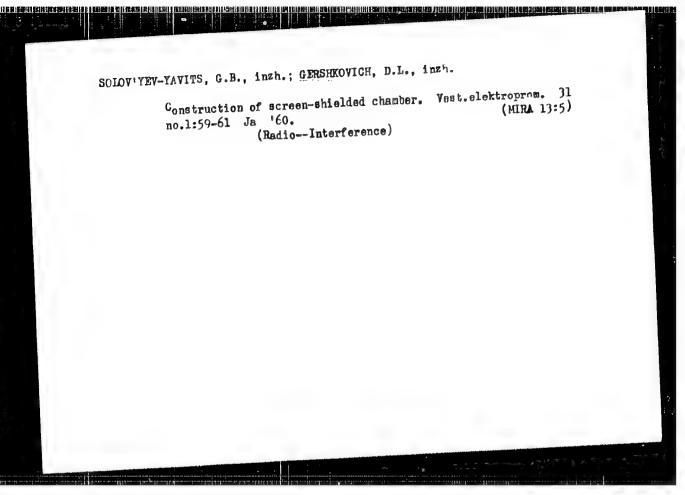
[Two worlds and two different courses; socialist and capitalist roads
of the development of agriculture] Dva mira — dva puti; o sotsialistiof the development of agriculture] Dva mira — dva puti; o sotsialistiof the development of agriculture] Dva mira — dva puti; o sotsialistiof the development of agriculture] Agriculture

Stavropol', Stavropol'skoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 149 p.

(MIRA 14:11)

(Agriculture)

(United States—Agriculture)



80V/110-58-10-4, 34

AUPHOR:

Ambartsumov, T.G (Cand Tech Sci. | Kovarskiy, E.M. (Engineer)

and Gershkovich, G.I. (Engineer).

TITLE .

The possibility of increasing the permissible current-density under brushes. (O vozmozhnosti povysheniya dopustimov plotnosti

toka pod slichetkami)

PERIODICAL .

Vestnik Elektropromyshlennosti, 1958, No.10 pp. 17-19 (USSR)

ABSTRACT

A number of tests were made on d.:. electric motors of ratings up to 20 kW to determine the influence of brush current-density on brushwear, brush and commutator heating and commutating conditions. The peripheral speed of the commutator was up to 21 3 m/sec, the specific pressure on the brushes was maintained at 270-300 g/cm², and the current-density in the brushes was raised c double the standard value given in GOST 2332-13. The results of long-term wear tests on electro-graphite brushes for four different motors are tabulated. The relationships between brush wear and service life for the same four motors is given in Fig.1. There was little variation in the degree of sparking and stability of . commutation as compared with normal current-densities. In some cases commutation conditions were even improved as shown in Fig. which gives curves for a 16 kW, 3000 r.p.m. motor using various brush sections. Increased brush current-density had little effect on brush or commutator temperatures. It is, therefore, considered that higher current-densities than those included in standard

Card 1/2

The possibility of increasing the permissible current-density under brushes

GOST-2332-43 could be used for d.c. machines with normal conditions of commutation. New standards of permissible current-density in brushes should be drawn up. If this is done, brush-gear can be simplified and made lighter. There are 3 figures and 1 table.

SUBMITTED: April 17, 1958.

Carbon brushes--Performance
 Carbon brushes--Electrical factors
 Electric currents--Thermal

Card 2/2

GZRSHKOVICH, G.M.; MIHZOYEVA, V.I.

Management of the umbilical stump. Zdrav.Turk. ? no.1:42-43
Ja-F '58.

1. Iz Krasnovodskogo gorodskogo rodil'nogo doma (glavnyy
vrach - G.M.Gershkovich).

(UMBILICUS)

GERSHKOVICH, G.M.; SMOLYAKOVA, O.A.

Some data on the detection of toxoplasmosis in women. Akush.i gin.
35 no.4:71-74 Jl-Ag '59.

1. 1z Krasnovodskogo gorodskogo rodil'nogo doma (glavuyy vrach G.M.
Gershkovich, nauchnyy rukovoditel' - prof. A.B. Preysman).

(TOXOFLASMOSIS in pregu.)

(PREGNANCI, compl.)

GERSHKOVICH, G.M.; TUTUSHKINA, A.A.

Case of acute congenital toxoplasmosis. Zdrav. Turk. 4 no.5141-42
3-0 '60.

1. Iz Krasnovodskogo gorodskogo rodil'nogo doma (glavnyy vrach -G.M. Gershkovich).

(TOXOPLASMOSIS)

Tentral top et language. The solutioness our as done denotes notethals resident in solution in 1824 sentember 1824 for the 1824 for the

GERSHKOVICH, G. M.

"Materials on the Distribution of Toxoplasmosis in Western Turkmenistan"

Voprosy toksoplazmoza, report theses of a conference on toxoplasmosis, Moscow, 3-5 April 1961, publ. by Inst Epidemiology and Microbiology im. N. F. Gamaleya, Acad. Med. Sci USSR, Moscow, 1961, 69 Pt.

GERSHKOVICH, G.M.

Study of toxoplasmosis in the population of western Turkmenistan.
Sov. med. 25 no.11:38-43 N '61. (MI:A 15:5)

1. Iz Krasnovodskogo gorodskogo rodil'nogo doma (glavnyy vrach Gershkovich, nauchnyy rukododitel' - prof. A.3.Preysman).

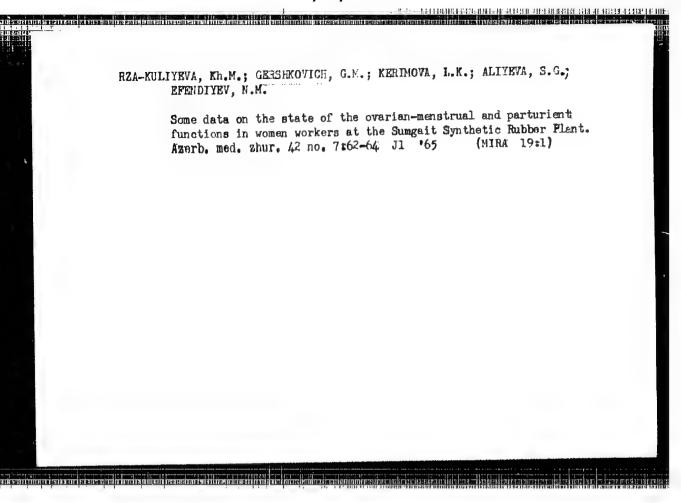
(TURKMENISTAN-TOXOPLASMOSIS)

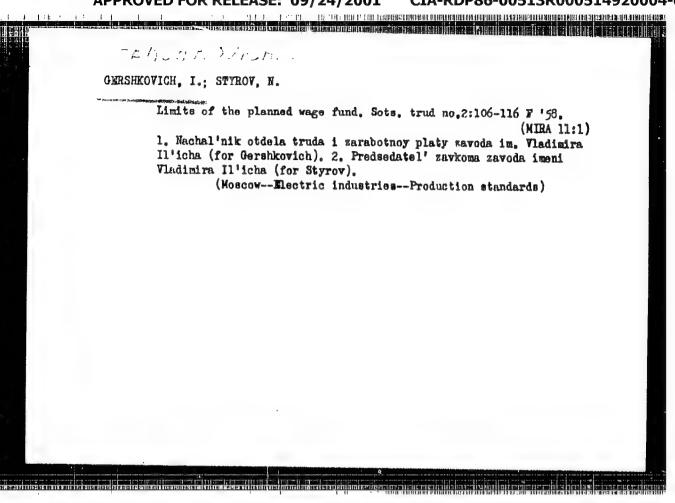
GERSHKOVIGH, G.H.

Chloridine treatment of toxoplasmonis carriers. Zdrav. Tu-k. 6
no:1:2/-27 Ja-F '62.

1. Iz Krasnovodskogo gorodskogo rodil'nogo doma (glavnyy vrach G.M.Gershkovich).

(CHLORIDINE) (TOXOPIA SMOSIS)





GERSHKOVICH, I.

Daily chart at a machinery industry plant, Sots. trud. 4 no.10:
110-115 0 '59

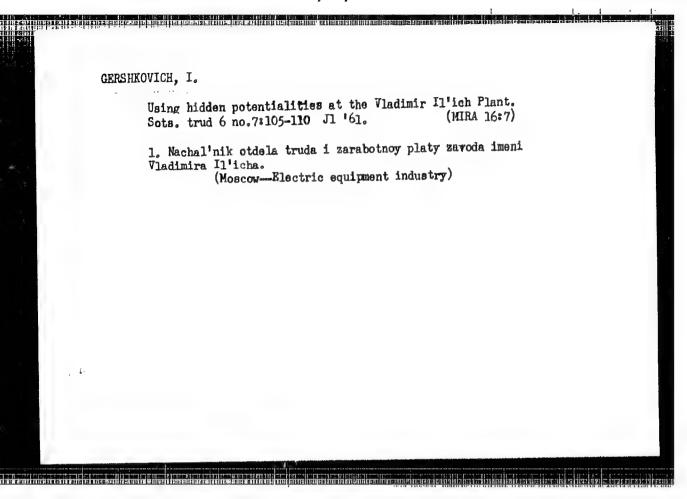
1. Machal'nik otdela truda i zarabotnoy platy Moskovskogo elektromekhanicheskogo zavoda im. Vladimira Il'icha.

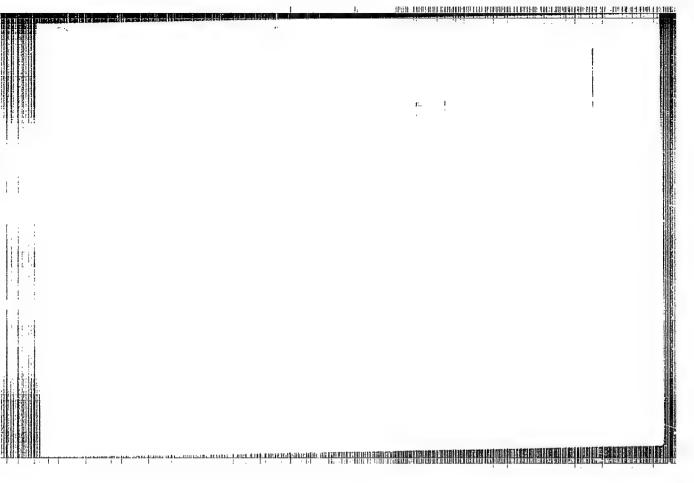
(Efficiency, Industrial) (Electric motors)

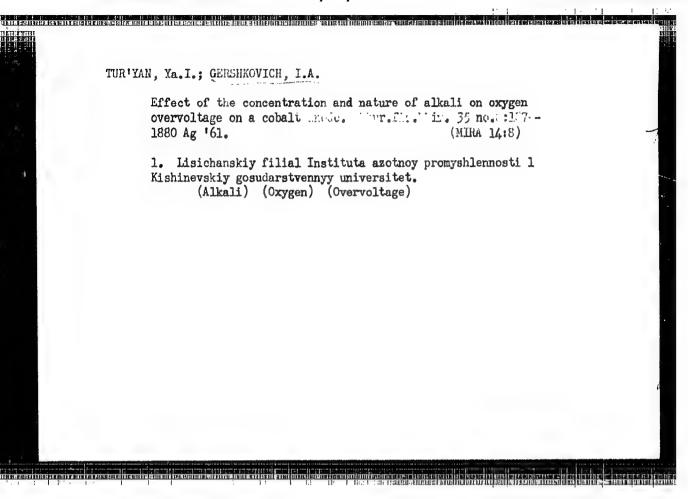
MIKHAIL, R.; CERSHKOVICH, I.

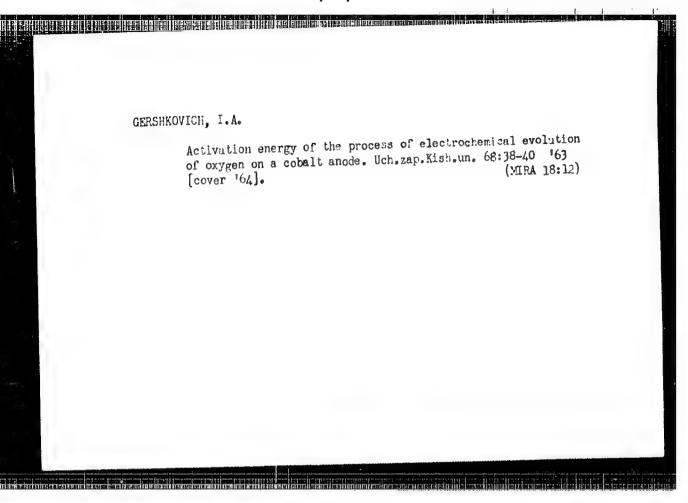
Effect of ionizing radiation on the synthesis of hydrocyanic acid. Kin.i kat. 3 no.6:836-845 N-D '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Institut khimicheskikh issledovaniy, Rumynskaya Narodnaya Respublika, Bukharest. (Hydrocyanic acid) (Radiation)





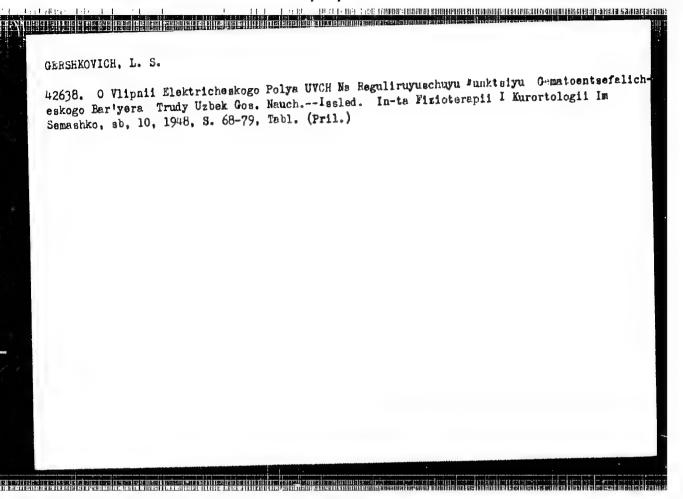






GERSHKOVICH, Iosif Isaakovich; FALALEYEVA, T.F., red.; BERLOV, A.P., tekhn.red.

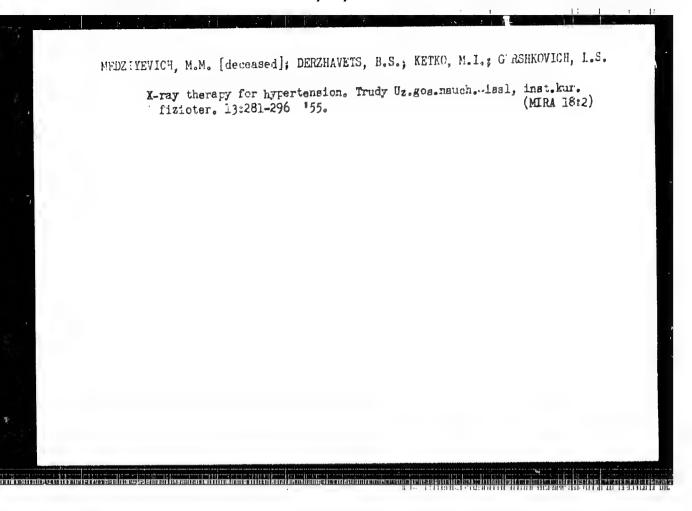
[Conversion to a seven-hour workday and the regulation of wages; practices of the Vladimir Il'ioh Factory] Perekhod na semichasovoi rabochii den' i uporladochanie sarabothoni platy; iz opyta savoda imeni Vladimira Il'icha. Moskva, Izd-vo "Enamie," 1958. 31 p. (Vescolusnos obshchestvo po rasprostraneniiu politicheskikh i nauchnykh snanii. Ser. 3, no.25) (NIHA 12:7) (Hours of labor) (Wages)



JEGERATORIA, L. 3.

36853. Somaticheskaya nervnaya sistema col'nykh gipertonicheskoy bolezn'yı, lechen ykh nekotorymi fizicheskimi metodami. Trudy Uzłek, gos. nauch.-issled. in-takurortol:gii i fizioterapii im. Semashko, sh. 11, 1949. c. 192-202

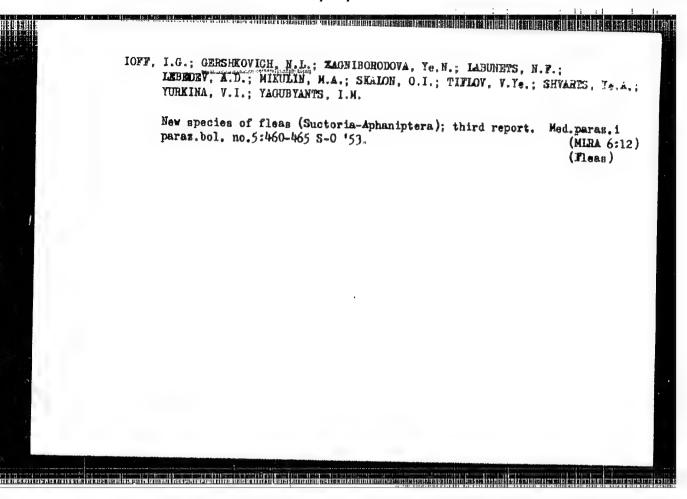
SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'ynkh Statey, Vol. 50, Moskva, 1949

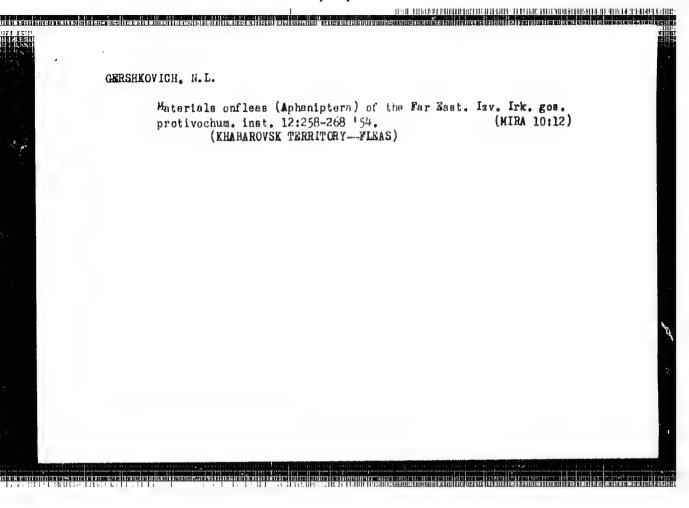


SVIDERSKIY, Pavel Aleksandrovich, professor; LYAKHNITSKIY, V.Ye., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, professor, retsensent; KUNITSKIY, I.A., retsensent; OERSHKOVICH, M.T., retsensent; SHAPIROVSKIY, D.B., redaktor; MOROZOVA, T.T., redaktor; COTLIB, H.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Layout and operation of fishing ports and bases] Ustroistvo 1 ekspluatatsiia rybopromyslovykh portov 1 bas. Moskva, Pishchepromizdat, Pt. 1. 1955. 370 p.

(Fisheries) (Harbors)





USSR/Medicine - Insert Control

FD-2510

Card 1/1

Pub. 148 - 21/25

Author

: Yu. I. Gadalin; N. L. Gershkovich; N. N. Gorchakovskaya; A. B.

Levit; and V. A. Nabokov

Title

: The results of the use of insecticidal smokes to control Ixodes

persulcatus ticks

Periodical

: Zhur. mikro. epid. i immun. 4, 92-97, Apr 1955

Abstract

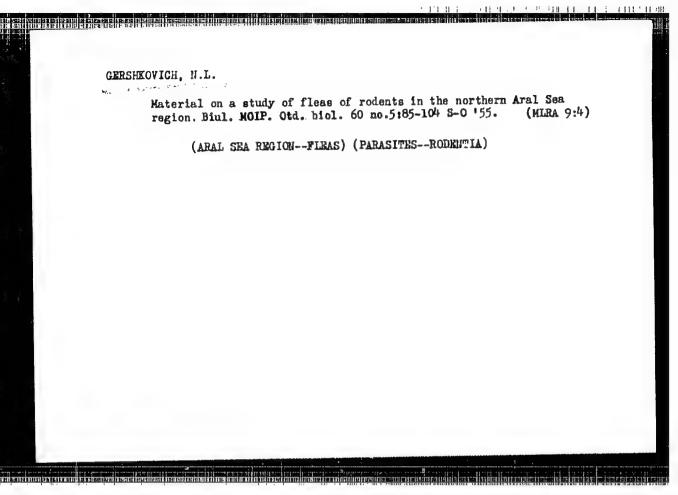
: The results of the work of the multipurpose expedition of the Institute of Malaria, Parasitology and Helminthology, Ministry of Health USSR; the Institute of Virology imeni D. I. Ivanovskiy, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR; and the Kuybyshev Oblast Antimalaria Station during 1954 are reported. Experiments with hexachlorane smoke aerosols produced by burning a special cartridge NBK (G-17) indicated that 95-98.5 percent of Ixodes persulcatus ticks in the treated area were killed. The results of the experiments are presented on two charts. No ref-

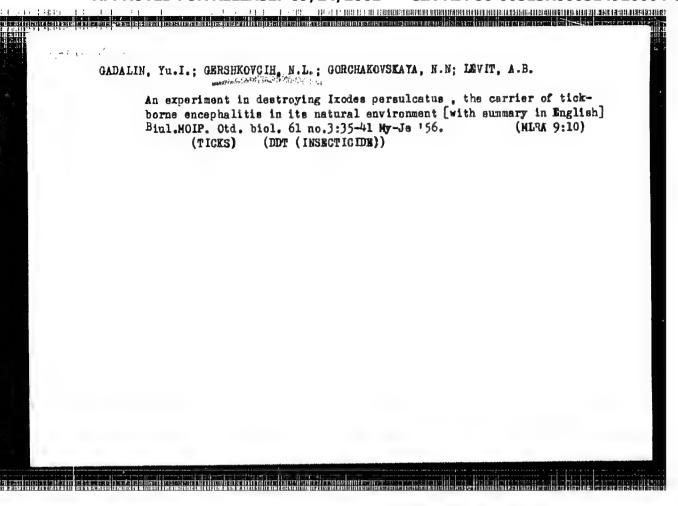
erences are cited.

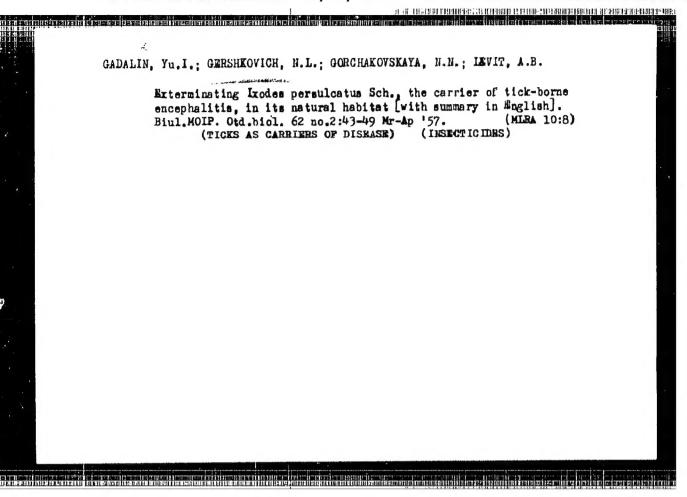
Institution

Submitted

: December 31, 1954



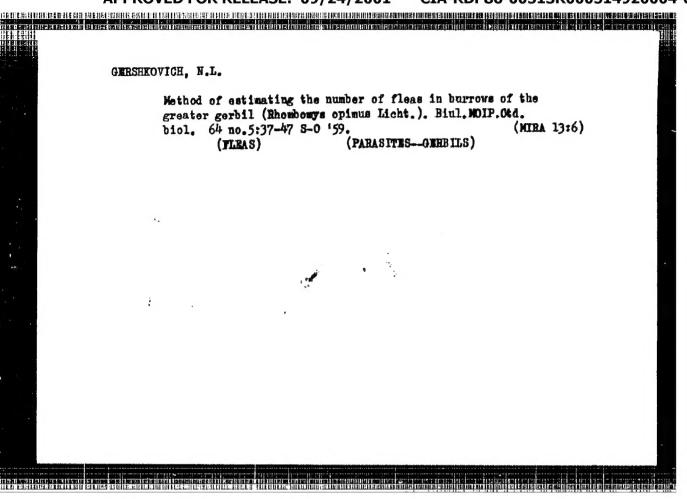




KOVALEVA, R.V.; GERSHKOVICH, N.L.

The flea Leptopsylla taschenbergi Wagn. (1898) as a new spontaneous carrier of plague. Zool.zhur. 38 no.3:489-490 Mr '59. (MIRA 12:4)

1. Moscow Observation Station, Ministry of Health of the U.S.S.R. (GUR'YEV PROVINCE—PLAGUE) (FLEAS AS CARRIERS OF DISHASE)



GEPSHECVITCH, U. L., TETSETGEVETCH, H. F., KOVALEVA, R. V., RHHYANTSITA, A. V., POTCHARIWA, T. H., SILLVESTEGVA, T. W., STARRECV, A. E.,

"New developments in the study of the natural focus of the plaque in the northeastern Caspian region." p. 239

Desyntoye Soveshcheniye po parazitologicheskim problemam i prirodnoochagovym beleznyam. 27-29 Oktysorya 1959 m. (Tenth Conference on Parasitological Problems and Diseases with Latural Poct 22-29 October 1959), Mostow-Leningrad, 1959, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR and Academy of Sciences USSR, No. 1 254pp.

Antiplague Observation Station, Moscow